GREENWAYS

Newsletter of Delaware & Raritan Greenway, Inc. Volume 2, Number 1 Winter 1993-94

In Perpetuity

The Stony Brook Greenway

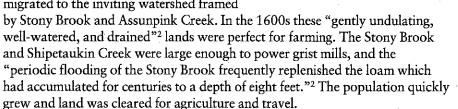
Since 1987, Delaware & Raritan Greenway, Inc. has been helping conservation-minded landowners protect their lands along the Stony Brook. Some of these lands have limited development potential, yet they include many important environmental elements which contribute to stream stabilization and flood control and help protect wildlife, plant life, and water quality. Each protected acre joins a growing ribbon of publicly and privately preserved lands along the length of the stream—the Stony Brook Greenway.

he Stony Brook, which reaches from Hunterdon County's Sourland Mountains to the Delaware and Raritan Canal State Park in Princeton Township, is one of central New Jersey's most important and most beautiful waterways. From its headwaters in the rural Amwells, the Stony Brook passes through farmland in Hopewell and Lawrence Townships, along the northern border of Pennington Borough, and through residential and farm areas in Princeton Township before it empties into Carnegie Lake. The Stony Brook has played a significant role in our area's history; its protection will make it an equally important part of our future.

Before their displacement by Europeans, the Lenape Indians inhabited the Hopewell Valley and the Sourland Mountains; for them the Stony Brook was a source of drinking water and fish, a sweat lodge location, and a guiding route

on semi-annual travels between Hopewell Valley and the Atlantic coast. The Stony Brook may have had a wilder character then: "the banks . . . show that before cutting off the virgin forests it was a wide and turbulent stream." Dense forests of hickory, oak, beech, and maple trees supported black bear, panther, and wolf as well as the more familiar deer, raccoon, opossum, and turkey.

Central New Jersey forests were once so thick that early settlers could only travel by foot or single-file on horseback as they migrated to the inviting watershed framed



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Griggstown/Canal State Park

We're working to preserve more lands near historic Griggstown, thanks to a new round of funding by Green Acres. These 55 acres of rural property lie adjacent to Wilson Fields and parallel the D&R Canal State Park. Some of the lands are wooded, with the fields on the east side of the canal mainly in agriculture. The property is a critical link in a proposed open space corridor which will buffer and parallel the canal between Griggstown and Six-Mile Run.

Hamilton/Trenton Marsh

Over the next year, we will be promoting the marsh with help from a \$30,000 grant from the William Penn Foundation, and grants from PSE&G, the Delaware Estuary Program, and Mobil R&D. Look for news of more events, slide shows, talks, and a brochure about the marsh's incredible resources. In addition, we have recommended three properties to Green Acres for purchase; preservation of these wetland and bluff properties will protect fragile animal and plant habitat.

Crosswicks Creek

In September, D&R Greenway convened a meeting of representatives from four counties along the Crosswicks Creek. Participants discussed progress in creating a greenway along the entire length of the creek, which begins in Ocean County and flows into the Delaware River at Bordentown. Monmouth County related its successful techniques of landowner contact and creative planning: 75% of their greenway is complete. Our role was to facilitate a discussion about ways to coordinate efforts and cross borders in order to preserve the entire corridor.

Assunpink Greenway

The City of Trenton is a few steps closer to creating an urban greenway along Assunpink Creek. With a grant from the Fund for New Jersey, D&R Greenway staff put together an inventory of properties along the Assunpink, rating them for acquisition priority. Top rated tracts were submitted by Trenton to Green Acres for acquisition funding consideration.

Virginia Creeper

(Parthenocissus quinquefolia)

From the Director

MAUDE BACKES SNYDER Executive Director

The coming year will be a wonderful one for central New Jersey land conservation! D&R Greenway was approved for \$2.5 million in matching grants by the Green Acres nonprofit grants program.

One of only three groups to win approval of five projects by Green Acres (the others were the New Jersey Conservation Foundation and The Nature Conservancy), Delaware & Raritan Greenway, Inc. has truly established itself as central New Jersey's open space advocate.

1992's successful Green Acres bond measure allocated \$20 million to nonprofit organizations to use for land acquisition. With this funding qualified land conservancies can purchase land, or easements on important lands, for permanent protection. Since all of the money we

receive goes to direct acquisition costs (i.e. no overhead), the program efficiently uses public funds—especially since we will use the State's \$2.5 million to acquire properties with a combined value of \$5 million.

The other good news is that we have done our homework by talking with many of the landowners in our project areas well ahead of the grant approvals. Land conservation is often very time consuming, and requires attention to a myriad of important details.

Our initial work will help narrow the gap between the legislature's appropriation of funding and closing the deal. In the next 12 to 18 months we hope to nearly double the number of acres we have protected along the Stony Brook from 500 acres to close to 900 acres! More detailed descriptions of each project area are on page three, and can be located on the enclosed map.

The Stony Brook Greenway was our first project, and from the accompanying article you will learn about the stream's importance. This model project has given us many opportunities to practice land preservation in a rapidly growing and developing region.

In the early days of the project we helped each municipality to design and adopt greenway elements in Master Plans or stream corridor protection ordinances. During the past three years we have worked directly or in association with other groups or public agencies to protect private and public lands.

Many of the properties we seek to preserve will be protected through conservation easements, which are described below. These deed restrictions benefit the landowner, the conservation organization, and the lands themselves.

Conservation Options

The Conservation Easement

If you wish to continue to own your land and to protect it, one advantageous and flexible option is a conservation easement. A conservation easement is a restriction created to preserve land, yet it is tailored to suit your needs, protect land as you wish and allow activities you want on your land.

A conservation easement is a conveyance of a partial interest of real estate which allows the owner to retain control of the property and its use. You can continue to use, sell, lease, or convey the land, subject to the terms of the easement. The responsibilities and rewards of ownership continue and unless you specify otherwise, you retain full control over public access. In other words, there is no public access unless and until you choose to permit it.

A key advantage to the conservation easement is its adaptability. All activities which change the open or natural condition of the property can be prohibited, while agriculture or forestry activities and the construction of roads and buildings necessary to carry them out can be allowed. A conservation easement enables you to protect your land forever from undesirable uses and abuses by future owners.

The conservation easement decreases the fair market value of the land by limiting the potential development and use of the property. When the easement is donated, the donation may qualify as a charitable gift and the financial benefits may be significant.

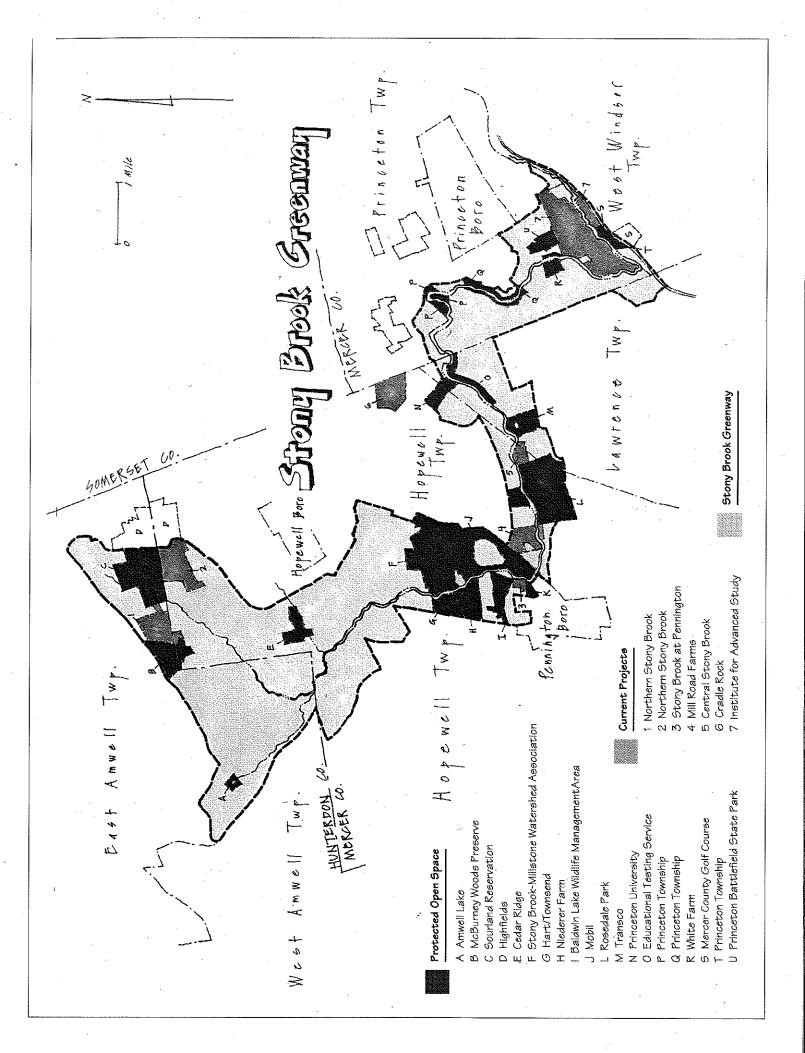
To qualify as a tax-deductible charitable gift, a conservation easement must be granted in perpetuity to a public agency or a conservation or historic preservation organization. A conservation easement must also serve the public good, preserving significant wildlife habitat, open space, scenic vistas, farmland, or watershed. The

terms of the easement must be tailored to the physical and ecological characteristics of the land, the objectives of the landowner and the conservancy organization, and the requirements of the State and local governments.

The timing of a conservation easement can be immediate, by bequest, or by a remainder interest with reserved life estate. Each vehicle has different tax advantages affecting income tax, estate tax, or both. By lowering the fair market value of your land, a conservation easement may also result in a reduction of property assessment and property

This article does not address all the details of valuation and deductibility. Should you be interested in exploring the benefits of granting a conservation easement, it is advisable to seek the counsel of several specialized professionals including a tax attorney or accountant, the proposed recipient of the gift, an appraiser, and surveyor. We are always happy to help you get started; call us at (609) 452-1441.

BY KATHERINE BUTTOLPH



D&R Greenway's input into ETS's relopment plan settlement led to the nation of a conservation easement a

D&R Greenway began this pilot reenway project by mapping environmental elements and property ownership long the stream corridor. Then, with a nap and a plan, we approached several nunicipalities along the Stony Brook to

anscontinental Gas Pipe ve Corporation

iownships formed both greenway committees and greenway plans; both communities are implementing these plans and acquiring properties within the greenway. In addition, Lawrence

Creating the Stony BrookGreenway

nonprofit program acquired by D&R Greenway

alley, bringing together the alley, bringing together the and facilitating negotiations. e will be a State Agriculture t Committee and No.

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Some important pending projects

Central Stony Brook

conservation groups, municipalities, and residents are actively pursuing its preservation and protection. With the help of forward-thinking landowners, D&R Greenway is piecing together the Stony Brook Greenway, creating a ribbon of publicly and privately owned lands that are protected in perpetuity. Many acres already have been protected (see front and back of map). Yet a great deal of work remains to be done. The long-range success of our efforts depends on the involvement and support of community members—people who share a deep appreciation for this vital natural resource, and who are dedicated to protecting an ecological treasure that is so intertwined with our history.

1. Hopewell Valley Heritage, by Alice Blackwell Lewis 2. Old Lawrenceville, by Donald H. Tyler

In Perpetuity

Continued from page 1

As the area grew more accessible, the topography and the economy changed. Early roadways based on Lenape footpaths evolved into an extensive network connecting cities and towns along the Philadelphia-New York axis. The Delaware and Raritan Canal was completed by 1834, and in 1899 a trolley line bisected Lawrenceville farms in order to connect Princeton with Trenton. The Stony Brook has also been

altered over time: mills, dams, bridges, and roads were built in, over, and alongside the stream, filling the needs of everyday life.

Situated almost entirely in the Piedmont Plateau, the stream derives much of its character from the four rock types that characterize that formation locally— Brunswick shale, Lockatong argillite, Stockton sandstone, and igneous diabase. Extensive deforestation in the Stony Brook watershed worsened the Piedmont formation's already poor water storage capacity, and during drought conditions portions of the Stony Brook have no measurable flows. The weathering of the parent bedrock has produced soil with similarly poor water holding and transmitting properties. The periodic flooding which created fertile farmlands, now closes roads; the combination of bedrock and soils contributes to the Stony Brook's ability to quickly rise or fall in water level.

Centuries of agriculture and decades of development have taken a toll on the Stony Brook. Despite the addition of five soil erosion and sediment control dams, the stream quickly turns opaque following a rain storm. Relatively high levels

of phosphorus and fecal coliform bacteria and the decomposition of organic matter using up dissolved oxygen, combined New England Aster with a poor assimilative capacity, have contributed to a stressed biological community.

Additional excessive and poorly located development along the stream would increase flood damage, degrade water quality, deplete wildlife habitats and aquatic ecosystems, and spoil the beauty and natural character of the region. Even with sophisticated technology it is difficult and expensive to replicate natural systems once they are destroyed.

The Stony Brook corridor retains enough of its original character that

actual borders of the Stony Brook Greenway, Cradle Rock is located on the southern slopes of Mt. Rose, This 128-acre tract, wellknown for its boulder fields, includes beautiful rocky outcrops with scenic vistas, and vast diabase boulder fields popular among climbers. The property's wetland areas support a variety of plants including the NJ endangered wild comfrey, and its intermediate aged woodlands are a breeding habitat for a number of bird species showing a decline in the eastern deciduous forest.

Stony Brook Greenway

The following Stony Brook Greenway projects have each been

approved for \$500,000 matching

Northern Stony Brook: The

throughout these 200 acres which

McBurney Woods Preserve to the

Highfields, protect mature forests,

Stony Brook at Pennington: A.

stand of beech trees and a diverse

population of spring wildflowers

property, which includes stream

thrive on this mostly forested

frontage, floodplain, and wet-

lands. Preservation will link the

Wildlife Management Area, A

the Stony Brook-Millstone

Watershed Association.

Transco preserve.

planned footpath will eventually connect Pennington Borough to

Central Stony Brook: Border-

ing the Stony Brook, the stream

corridor of this 36-acre farm is forested floodplain and wetlands.

A trail along the Stony Brook will

Cradle Rock: Just outside the

connect with Rosedale Park and nearly complete a link to the

48.7 acres with the Baldwin Lake

Hunterdon County Preserve and

plant and animal habitat, and

headwater streams of the Stony

lie at the top of the Stony Brook

system, and which will link

grants by the NJ Green Acres

characteristic ecology of the

Sourland Mountains is evident

nonprofit program.

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Delaware & Raritan Greenway, Inc., is a regional, 501(c)(3) nonprofit land conservancy dedicated to the preservation of a continuous open-space network enveloping central New Jersey's waterways and unified by the Delaware and Raritan Canal State Park.

D&R Greenway began in 1987 as an alliance of regional nonprofit groups, and was incorporated in 1989.

Our thanks to ...

We wish to thank retiring board members Duffy Hutter, Harry Sayen, and Dick Sword for their dedication and for the expertise they so generously shared during their years as D&R Greenway trustees.

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